

The leader in rugged fiber optic technology.

U-015 2017A-0329

# 2 Channel ADSL Fiber Link Card System

SYSTEM INSTALLATION INFORMATION



#### OVER FIBER

## Introduction

The 2 Channel ADSL Fiber Link Card system supports two channels of ADSL copper service over a single pair of single mode or multimode fiber optic cable. This environmentally hardened system converts the copper signals into an optical signal over fiber, then converts the fiber optic signal back into 2 Wire DSL copper service for customer use.

Transmitting ADSL signals over fiber optic cable allows for network extension over long distances, and provides electrical isolation between both ends of the network. The RLH ADSL fiber system is compatible with DSL download data rates of up to 2.75Mbps.

Each ADSL fiber link card requires a 44-56VDC 100mA local power source to operate. RLH carries several compatible power supplies, but any compatible DC power source is acceptable.

This hardened, rugged system is covered by our **Limited Lifetime Warranty.** 

#### **Kev Features**

- Extends network span up to 1640 feet (500m) on multimode and up to 6 miles (9.6km) on single-mode fiber
- Environmentally hardened to operate in -40°F to +158°F (-40°C to +70°C) environments
- Ideal for critical, high voltage, remote or un-manned locations that must remain operating 24/7/365
- Provides absolute high voltage protection from remote grounds by using all-dielectric fiber optic cable instead of copper
- Each card can accept 2 ADSL lines, maximizing throughput
- Convenient LED status indicators
- Standard RLH Fiber Link Card form factor
- Covered by our Limited Lifetime Warranty



2 Channel ADSL Fiber Link Card

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#### **Compliance Information**

The 2 Channel ADSL Fiber Link Card system is compliant with the following industry standards:

ADSL: G.DMT, G.LITE, ANSI T1.413 Issue2, RE-ADSL FCC PART-15, FCC PART-68B IEEE802.1d, 802.3, and 802.3u BR 876-310-100 BT (Telcordia) Bellcore SR-3966, Motorola R56 GR-1089, GR-63

# General Safety Practices

#### **Intended Audience**

This guide is intended for use by knowledgeable telco/network installation, operation and repair personnel. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information in this guide is accurate. However, due to constant product improvement, specifications and information contained in this document are subject to change without notice.

#### **Conventions**

Symbols for notes, attention, and caution are used throughout this manual to provide readers with additional information, advice when special attention is needed, and caution to prevent injury or equipment damage.

The equipment discussed in this document may require tools designed for the purpose being described. RLH recommends that service personnel be familiar with the correct handling and use of any installation equipment used, and follow all safety precautions including the use of protective personal equipment as required.

### Caution - Severe Shock Hazard

- Never install during a lightning storm or where unsafe high voltages are present.
- Active phone lines may carry high DC voltages. Use caution when handling copper wiring.
- Active ADSL lines may carry high DC voltages. Use caution when handling ADSL wiring.

# Warning - HVP Applications

The intra-building port(s) of the equipment or subassembly is suitable for connection to intrabuilding or unexposed wiring or cabling only. The intra-building port(s) of the equipment MUST NOT be metallically connected to interfaces that connect to the OSP or its wiring. These interfaces are designed for use as intra-building interfaces only (Type 4 ports as described in GR-1089-CORE, Issue 4) and require isolation from the exposed OSP cabling. The addition of Primary Protectors is not sufficient protection in order to connect these interfaces metallically to OSP wiring.

# Special Handling Requirements

#### Be careful when handling electronic components



- This product contains static sensitive components.
- Handle Fiber Optic Link cards at their edges only.
- Follow proper electrostatic discharge procedures.

This card utilizes circuitry that can be damaged by static electricity. When transporting the card, carry it in an ESD safe container such as the antistatic bag provided with the card. Before handling cards, discharge yourself of static electricity by physical bodily contact with earth ground. When handling cards, hold by outer edges and avoid touching circuitry. Failure to follow ESD precautions may cause serious damage to the card and prevent proper operation.

#### Guidelines for handling terminated fiber cable









- · Do not bend fiber cable sharply. Use gradual and smooth bends to avoid damaging glass fiber.
- Keep dust caps on fiber optic connectors at all times when disconnected.
- Do not remove dust caps from unused fiber.
- Keep fiber ends and fiber connectors clean and free from dust, dirt and debris. Contamination will cause signal loss.
- Do not touch fiber ends.
- Store excess fiber on housing spools or fiber spools at site

# Acronyms

#### Commonly used acronyms and abbreviations

Acronym/Abbreviation	Description	
CO	Central Office	
Sub	Subscriber	
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment	
POTS	Analog Phone Service (Plain Old Telephone Service)	
TX	Transmit	
RX	Receive	
PWR	Power	

#### Color abbreviations

Abbreviation	Color
BLU	Blue
GRN	Green
ORG	Orange
RED	Red
YEL	Yellow

# **Applications**

Telecommunications equipment in high voltage areas can be at risk due to Ground Potential Rise (GPR). A copper network or phone cable referenced to a remote ground can become a path for high voltages during a ground fault. Placement of an all-dielectric fiber optic cable and locating the CO ADSL fiber card at either the 300 Volt Point (as determined by a GPR Engineering study) or at the nearest/safest telco service drop completely eliminates the presence of a copper cable into a high voltage environment. This design dramatically increases the overall safety of personnel and equipment involved.

The RLH ADSL system provides long distance service (up to 9.6km/6mi.) without any additional equipment. Utilizing fiber for ADSL transmission has many advantages over copper wire. Fiber optic cabling is immune to EMI/RF interference, ground loops, and high voltage surges from lightning or ground faults, and is ideally suited for use in electrically noisy environments such as near large power sources, electrical motors, and radio communications equipment.

### Installation

#### **Before installing**

- Check for shipping damage
- Check the contents to ensure correct model, mode and fiber connector type
- Have a clean, dry installation environment ready

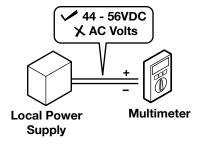


#### **CAUTION**

- Never install during a lightning storm
- · Active ADSL lines may carry high DC voltages up to 210V. Use caution when handling copper wiring.
- This product incorporates static sensitive components. Handle the cards by their edges and follow proper electrostatic discharge procedures

#### **Required for installation**

• 44-56VDC 5W power source for each card.



**Note:** To maintain high voltage isolation, Fiber Optic Link CO and Sub cards must be powered from separate isolated power sources.

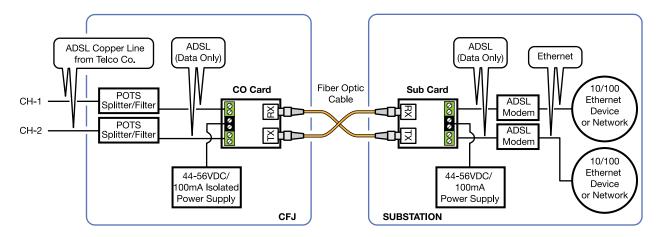
Measure the DC voltage of the source power to ensure that it is 44-56VDC@100mA. All electrical and fiber optic connections are made directly onto the card. Use standard CAT-5E or better, 22-26 AWG solid wire for all copper wire connections to the card.

- RLH card housing for Fiber Link Cards
- POTS splitter filter for each ADSL line on the CO side

**Note:** If 2 wire POTS voice grade service is required over fiber, a separate POTS fiber optic system is required as shown in the ADSL System Connection Diagram.

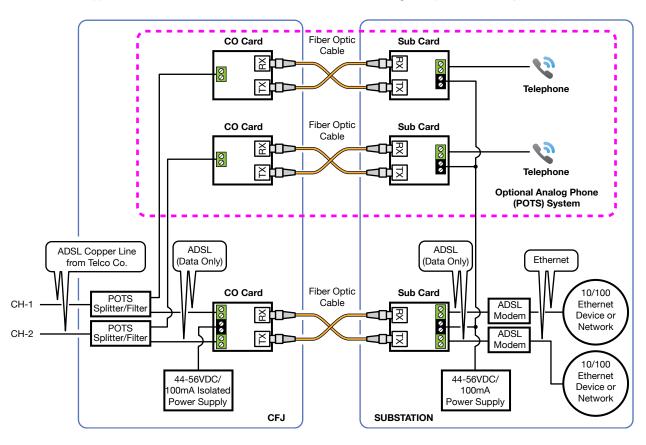
#### **System Diagrams**

A typical ADSL system will include 1 or 2 channels of ADSL.



Typical 2 channel ADSL system diagram

The ADSL system may be used in conjunction with the RLH 2 Wire POTS System to provide analog phone service without requiring additional copper phone lines. The POTS may be line powered by the ADSL copper lines. Contact RLH for additional information on adding the optional POTS system.



Typical 2 channel ADSL system with optional POTS system

#### **Setting the Switch**

The 4 position DIP switch located on the CO and Sub ADSL cards are shipped with default factory settings. Positions 1 and 2 on the DIP switch enable and disable the connections made at the LOOP1 and LOOP2 terminals respectively. Position 3 and 4 switches are not used and should remain OFF.

When first setting up the system, verify that switch settings are in the default positions.

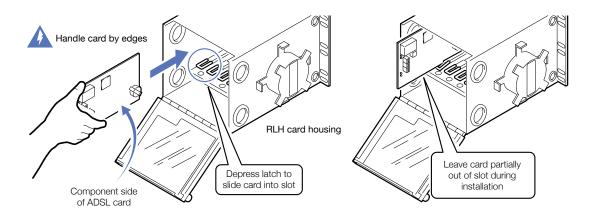
Switch Position	Default Setting
I	ON
2	OFF
3	OFF
4	OFF



**Default Switch Settings** 

#### Install card into housing

Handle card by edges. Install in slot 1 or next available card slot. Install card into housing before connecting. An RLH 5 Card Shelf is shown in the illustration below, but wall mount and outdoor rated enclosures have similar card slot arrangements.



Typical installation into 5 card shelf

#### CO Side Installation

#### Connect fiber optic cable

Multimode and single-mode ADSL cards are equipped with either two ST or SC female optical connectors. Connect fibers to the TX (Transmit) and RX (Receive) optical connectors. The TX connector of each card must be connected to the RX connector of the other card.

- Save the dust cap for later use if the card is removed from service.
- Set each fiber connector firmly but carefully into the ADSL fiber connector.
- Route fiber cable loosely, avoiding kinks or tight bends.

#### **Connect ADSL lines**

Install POTS splitters on each ADSL line to help filter noise from the system. Once the splitter is connected, the ADSL copper connections are made at the screw down terminals at the front of the card. When using the optional RJ-45 connectors, simply connect to the desired port on the card.

Install each incoming ADSL copper pair into **LOOP2** and **LOOP2** terminals.**NOTE:** When using just one ADSL line, use the LOOP1 terminal and turn DIP Switch 2 to OFF to improve performance by reducing noise and crosstalk.

#### **Connect Power**

Connect 44-56VDC local power to the **AUX .P.S.** screw down terminal. The power input is not polarity sensitive.

When power is applied and 2 ADSL lines are connected and active, the blue **PWR** LED and green **LOOP1** and **LOOP2** LEDs will be **ON**.

#### Sub Side Installation

#### Connect fiber optic cable

Multimode and single-mode ADSL cards are equipped with either two ST or SC female optical connectors. Connect fibers to the TX (Transmit) and RX (Receive) optical connectors. Make sure the connectors are flipped so that the TX connector of each card is connected to the RX connector of the other card.

- Save the dust cap for later use if the card is removed from service.
- Set each fiber connector firmly but carefully into the ADSL fiber connector.
- Route fiber cable loosely, avoiding kinks or tight bends.

#### **Connect ADSL lines**

The ADSL copper connections are made at the screw down terminals at the front of the card. Install each Sub side ADSL copper pair into **LOOP2** and **LOOP2** terminals. When using the optional RJ-45 connectors, simply connect to the desired port on the card.

**NOTE:** When using just one ADSL line, use the LOOP1 terminal and turn DIP switch position 2 to OFF to improve performance by reducing noise and crosstalk.

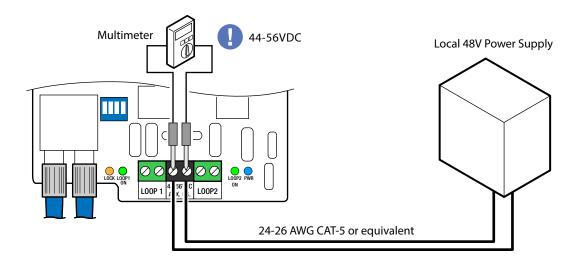
#### **Connect Power**

Connect 44-56VDC local power to the **AUX .P.S.** screw down terminal. The power input is not polarity sensitive.

When power is applied and 2 ADSL lines are connected and active, the blue **PWR** LED and green **LOOP1** and **LOOP2** LEDs will be **ON**.

# Powering

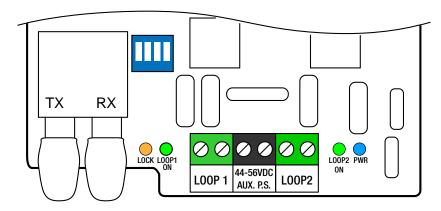
- The RLH ADSL CO and Sub cards require a local DC source of 44-56 Volts and draws 5 Watts. Power is connected to the black screw down terminal labeled 44-56VDC AUX. P.S. The AUX. P.S. input is not polarity sensitive.]
- Use standard 24-26 AWG CAT-5 or equiv. cable for DC power connections. Strip back enough insulation to insure a good DC power connection to ADSL card.
- RLH manufactures switching AC/DC or DC/DC power supplies designed for this application. Contact RLH Industries, Inc., or refer to the web site at www.fiberopticlink.com for power supply solutions..



### **LED Status**

There are four (4) Light Emitting Diodes (L.E.D.s) that display operational status of the RLH ADSL Card. On the topside of the card near the Optical Transceiver are the LOCK and LOOP1 LEDs. Below the connectors are the LOOP2 and Power LEDs.

Normal operation – When both cards are powered and connected through fiber, Orange LOCK LED is ON, Blue Power LED is ON and Optional Green Channel LEDS are ON if selected.

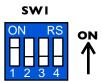


LED	Color	Condition	Description		
LOCK	OCK ORG	1001/	1001/	ON	Fiber communication is OK
LOOK	ONG	Blinking	Fiber communications FAIL		
LOOP1	CDN	ON	DIP switch 1 is ON		
LOOPT	GRN	OFF	DIP switch 1 is OFF		
LOOP2	ODN	ON	DIP switch 2 is ON		
LOOP2	GRN	OFF	DIP switch 2 is OFF		
DOWED	DLLI	ON	Power is supplied to the card		
POWER	POWER BLU		Power is not being supplied to the card		

# **DIP Switch Settings**

The ADSL card has a DIP switch with 4 positions for switching loop terminals off or on, and for setting the optical gain.

Position	Setting	Description
4	ON	Turns LOOP 1 ON
I	OFF	Turns LOOP 1 OFF
0	ON	Turns LOOP 2 ON
2	OFF	Turns LOOP 2 OFF



Positions 1 and 2 turn the LOOP1 and LOOP2 wire connection terminals ON and OFF. When using just one ADSL line, use the ADSL LOOP1 connection terminal and set switch position 2 to OFF. This will improve performance by reducing noise and crosstalk.

# Setting the Optical Gain

DIP switch positions 3 and 4 are used for setting the gain depending on the type of circuit the ADSL system is connected to.

The factory default setting is OFF for positions 3 and 4, corresponding to 0dB gain, and will function normally in most installations. The switch settings will not require adjustment unless the ADSL modem on the SUB side fails to communicate properly with the signal from the fiber link card.

Before adjusting the gain, verify all copper and fiber connections. Refer to the LED status section to verify correct fiber, power and ADSL operation.

#### To change the gain:

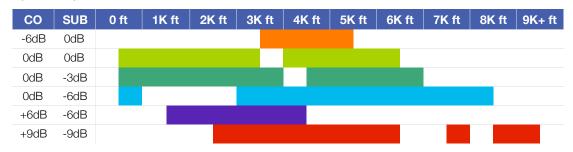
- 1. Estimate the effective maximum copper cable length from the CO or nearest repeater to the ADSL CO card.
- 2. Find the recommended CO and SUB gain settings using the gain charts.
- 3. Set switch positions 3 and 4 accordingly, using the switch settings table.

Check the ADSL modem for communication status after setting the switches. More than one setting may be tried before finding the optimum gain setting. Using an incorrect gain setting will not harm the system, but may prevent the ADSL modem from communicating properly with the fiber card.

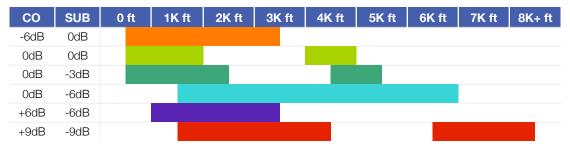
#### **Determining Effective Maximum Copper Cable Length**

Estimate the maximum length of copper cable in feet, between the Central Office (or the nearest repeater) and the ADSL CO Fiber Card. For best results, chose the gain setting where the estimated length falls in the middle of the matching color bar.

#### For 24 AWG



#### For 26 AWG



#### Set the Gain switches

Once a gain figure has been determined, set the gain by using switch positions 3 and 4.



F	or CO Card		Foi	r Sub Card	
Switch Position		Gain/Attenuation	Switch Position		
Gairi/Atteriuation	3	4	Gain/Attenuation	3	4
0dB	OFF	OFF	0dB	OFF	OFF
+6dB	OFF	ON	-6dB	OFF	ON
-6dB	ON	OFF	-3dB	ON	OFF
+9dB	ON	ON	-9dB	ON	ON

- Setting a gain switch on the CO card affects gain in the direction of the CO to SUB card.
- Setting a gain switch on the SUB card affects gain in the direction of the SUB to CO card.

# Troubleshooting

If trouble is encountered, verify all copper and fiber connections and settings.

LED	Color	Condition	Meaning	Items to Check
	LOCK ORG Blinking or OFF		Fiber connectors are clean and seated properly	
LOCK		J	Fiber port communication is	The TX fiber from each card is attached to the RX connector of the other card
			poor or missing	Test the fiber cable for damage
				Make sure both cards have power
LOOP1	GRN	OFF	Loop 1 terminal disabled	Turn DIP switch 1 ON to enable LOOP1
LOOP2	GRN	OFF	Loop 2 terminal disabled	Turn DIP switch 2 ON (If used) to enable LOOP2
	POWER BLU OFF		_	Ensure power source is functioning
POWER		Power not present at power terminal	Inspect copper wiring from power source to ADSL card	
			at povvor torrillar	Test the power for 44~56VDC, 5W

If trouble persists, replace the unit and retest. If technical assistance is required, contact our technical support department. Refer to the Technical Support information of this guide.

# General Specifications

Transmission method	Amplitude Modulated Light via two optical fibers		
	Multimode:	850nm	
	Single-mode:	1310nm	
Maximum Fiber Attenuation /	Multimode:	14dB / 1640 feet (500m)	
Distance	Single-mode:	8dB / 8 miles (13km)	
Fiber Type	ST or SC fiber female connectors		
	Multimode:	62.5/125µm, 50/125µm	
	Single-mode:	8-9/125µm	
Insertion Loss	0dB+/-0.5dB each direct	tion	
Maximum Data Rate	Downstream	2.75Mbps	
	Upstream	2.75Mbps	
Surge Protection	Varistors, Zener Diodes,	PTC Thermistors, Diodes	
Power Requirements	CO	44-56VDC, 100mA minimum	
	Sub	44-56VDC, 100mA minimum	
Powering Method	CO	Local DC power source	
	Sub	Local DC power source	
LED Indicators	LOCK (ORG LED)	Card communication over fiber status	
	LOOP1 (GRN LED)	ADSL line 1 ON/OFF	
	LOOP2 (GRN LED)	ADSL line 2 ON/OFF	
	PWR (BLU LED)	Power ON/OFF	
Wire Terminals	Screw clamp terminal blo	ock, 16 ~ 26 AWG	
	Optional RJ-45 jack		
Operating Temperature	-40F to160F (-40C to 70	C) + Max Solar Load	
Humidity	95% non-condensing		
Dimensions	L7" x W4"x H1.24", star	ndard RLH Fiber Link Card form factor	
Warranty	Limited Lifetime	Visit www.fiberopticlink.com for warranty details	
Standards Compliance	IEEE802.1d, 802.3, and 802.3u		
	ADSL: G.DMT, G.LITE, ANSI T1.413 Issue2, RE-ADSL		
	FCC PART-15, FCC PART-68B		
	Motorola R56, BR 876-3	10-100 BT (Telcordia), Bellcore SR-3966, GR-1089, GR-63	

# Ordering Information

A complete system requires a CO and a Sub card. ADSL part numbers are located on the card.

Optics	Distance	Fiber	Description	Part Number	CLEI Number
Multimode ST	500 (4040 (	62.5µm /	CO Card	8806-1550-01	NPP1UM0CAA
Multimode 51	500m /1640 ft.	50µm	SUB Card	8806-1560-01	NPP1VM0CAA
Multimode SC	500m /1640 ft.	62.5µm /	CO Card	8805-1550-01	-
Manimode 3C	500H17 1040 H.	50µm	SUB Card	8805-1560-01	-
Single-mode ST	13km / 8mi.	8~9µm -	CO Card	8806-1570-01	-
Single-mode Si	IOKIII / OIIII.		SUB Card	8806-1580-01	-
Single mode SC	CO Card Single-mode SC 13km / 8mi. 8~9µm SUB Card	8~9µm	CO Card	8805-1570-01	NPP1UN0CAA
Sirigie-Mode SC			SUB Card	8805-1580-01	NPP1VN0CAA

A complete system requires a CO and SUB card.

# **Technical Support**

Email:	support@fiberopticlink.com
24/7 technical support:	Toll Free 1-855-RLH-24X7
	Toll Free 1-855-754-2497

## Contact Information

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Web site:	www.fiberopticlink.com



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